DAWSON COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	<u>EXHIBIT</u>	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis		1 2
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets	A-1	9
Statement of Activities	B-1	10
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet	C-1	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	C-2	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	C-3	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	.	
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	C-4	14
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:		
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	D-1	15
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Assets	D-2	16
Notes to the Financial Statements		17
Required Supplemental Information:		
Budgetary Comparisons:		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual-General Fund	E-1	34
Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual-Precinct 1	E-1	34
Fund	E-2	35
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual-Precinct 2	L-2	55
Fund	E-3	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual-Precinct 3	and to	
Fund	E-4	37
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual-Precinct 4		
Fund	E-5	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual-Farm to		
Market and Lateral Road	E-6	39

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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Auditors' Report

September 30, 2009

Honorable Judge Saleh and Commissioners' Court County of Dawson Post Office Box 1268 Lamesa, Texas 79331

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregated discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Dawson, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These statements are the responsibility of the County of Dawson's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government activities, the aggregated discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Dawson as of September 30, 2008, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

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Wilton, Newberry, Heidel, Leonard and Horton







RICK DOLLAHAN, County Auditor

P.O. Box 1268

Lamesa, Texas 79331

September 30, 2009

Honorable Carter T. Schildknecht, District Judge, 106th Judicial District

Honorable Commissioners Court:

Sam Saleh	County Judge
Ricky Minjarez	Commissioner, PCT 1
Nicky Goode	Commissioner, PCT 3

Louis Addison Foy O'Brien Commissioner, PCT 2 Commissioner, PCT 4

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, the management of Dawson County, Texas, discuss and analyze the County's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements, which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of the most recent fiscal year, Dawson County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$6,745,513. Of this amount, \$3,971,318 was unrestricted net assets.
- The County's net assets increased \$1,642,896 because of this year's operation.
- The County had expenses of \$6,879,634 as compared to FY 2007 expenses of \$6,362,743, an increase of 8%.
 The County had revenues of \$8,522,530 as generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs
- (before special items). This compares to last year when revenues were \$7,628,919, an increase of 12%.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$2,581,541 as compared to last year's fund balance of \$1,558,052. The fund balance of the General Fund is unreserved and undesignated.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Dawson County's basic financial statements. Dawson County's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 and 10). These provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 11) report the County's operations in more detail than the governmentwide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the County

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were sold to departments within the County or to external consumers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of other County funds or those outside of the County. They show what assets these funds have and who they belong to.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 17) provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE - THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Assets includes all the County's assets and liabilities at the end of the year, while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the County's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies, as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in the prior reporting model.

All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g. uncollected taxes). The County's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as grants provided by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission to improve the County's libraries and fees for services such as commissions received for property tax collection and revenues provided by the taxpayers and other general revenues. All the County's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the County's net assets and changes in them. The County's net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the County's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the County, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the County has one kind of activity:

I. Governmental activities – Most of the basic services are reported here, including general administration, law enforcement, judicial, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery, parks, airport and library services. Property taxes and fines, fees and vehicle registration fees finance most of these activities.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS – THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements begin on page 11 and provide detailed information about the most significant fundsnot the County as a whole. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Laws and contracts require the County to establish some funds. The County's administration can establish many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g. capital projects). All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Each category uses a different accounting approach.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on

balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) to reflect that focus. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed near-term view of the County's general operations and the basic services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Following each of the governmental fund financial statements (the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) is a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide statements.

Fiduciary funds – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money received in numerous offices. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 15. We report the resources these activities produce that are due to County operating funds as an interfund receivable in those funds and as an interfund payable in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. All other resources within the fiduciary activities are excluded from the County's other financial reports because the County cannot use those assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net assets (Table I) and changes in net assets (Table II) of the County's governmental and business-type activities.

Net assets of the County's governmental activities increased from \$5,594,171 to \$7,237,067. Unrestricted net assets – the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – were \$3,971,318 at September 30, 2008 as compared to \$2,549,564 at September 30, 2007. This increase in governmental net assets was the result mainly of a combination of increased tax revenues, better spending discipline and budgetary compliance and a more accurate inventory of fixed assets that increased that category of assets as well.

	Table I	
	Dawson County, Texas	
	NET ASSETS	
	Governmental	
	Activities	
	2008	2007
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	4,301,639	2,635,671
Capital Assets	3,426,982	3,205,611
Total Assets	7,728,621	\$5,841,282
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	297,851	61,827
Long-Term Liabilities	193,703	185,284
Total Liabilities	491,554	247,111
Net Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net of Debt	3,265,749	3,044,607
Restricted	0	0
Unrestricted	3,971,318	2,549,564
Total Net Assets	7,237,067	5,594,171

	Table II	
	Dawson County, Texas	
	CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	
	Governme	
	Activiti	
	2008	2007
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	1,538,720	1,231,758
Grants and Contributions	526,628	308,232
General Revenues:		
Property taxes, General Purposes	5,591,324	5,263,186
Property taxes, Debt Purposes	0	0
Sales taxes	575,432	539,889
Mixed Beverage Tax	2,297	0
Penalty and Interest	72,185	61,311
Miscellaneous	8,560	······································
Investment Earnings	105,784	95,762
Gain on Disposal of Assets	101,600	128,781
Total Revenue	8,522,530	7,628,919

	Table II (Cont.) Dawson County, Texas CHANGES IN NET ASSETS					
	Governmental Activities					
Expenses	2008	2007				
General Government	359,792	554,027				
Judicial	1,407,290	1,193,842				
Elections	14,821	46,759				
Financial Administration	227,816	214,876				
Tax Administration	280,303	238,976				
Facilities Management	597,073	507,681				
Law Enforcement	555,267	530,388				
Fire Protection	148,741	81,389				
Corrections	893,576	1,021,261				
Public Works	231,702	(
Roads & Bridges	1,237,339	1,176,820				
Sanitation	54,000	54,000				
Public Transportation	100,750	4,638				
Health Care	286,918	292,443				
Human Services	57,038	56,576				
County Extension Service	123,208	91,442				
Parks & Recreation	48,350	36,172				
Museums	1,000	1,000				
Libraries	254,650	260,401				
Total Expenses	6,879,634	6,362,743				
Increase in Net Assets	1,642,896	1,266,176				
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	5,594,171	4,327,995				
Net Assets at End of Year	7,237,067	5,594,171				

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Key factors related to the County's financial performance over the last year include the following:

- 1. Mineral and related taxable values increased. Local property taxable values were up slightly but were consistent with values over the last several years.
- 2. County personnel numbers remained the same as the previous year.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6,879,634. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, Exhibit B-1, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$5,591,324 because some of the costs were paid with charges for services of \$1,538,720, grants and contributions of \$526,628, sales tax of \$575,432 and other various general revenues of \$290,426.

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as reported on the balance sheet Exhibit C-1) reported a combined fund balance of \$4,308,193, compared to last year's total of \$2,285,469. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$1,341,676 in the County's General Fund.

For fiscal year 2008, actual expenditures on a budgetary basis for the General Fund were \$5,021,541, compared to the original expenditure budget of \$5,635,077. Actual revenue on a budgetary basis was \$6,318,923 compared to the original revenue budget of \$5,938,660. Reasons for the actual numbers varying from the budget follow:

- All departments controlled their expenditures and were well below budget.
- Efficiencies were achieved by changing procurement practices to get the most bang for the buck.
- Substantial resources were saved by paying cash instead of financing commercial insurance.
- Tax revenue collection, sales tax, fees and miscellaneous revenues were much higher than budgeted.
- Interest earnings received were substantially higher than budgeted.
- Fuel costs exceeded budgeted amounts because of the unexpectedly large increase in fuel prices nationwide.

Over the course of the year, the County's Commissioners' Court revised the County budget several times. These revisions include amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved during the year to address mid-year situational changes. The primary amendments include:

- Paying cash instead of incurring debt for numerous purchases
- · Purchased or refinanced several heavy equipment items to modernize the precinct fleets
- Increased fuel lines throughout the County
- Purchased a new vehicle for the Sheriff's department
- Remodeled the John Saleh Courthouse Annex

Exhibit E-1 provides a detailed comparison of these changes as they relate to the General Fund. This General Fund presentation reflects a combination of the General, Jury and the Road & Bridge Funds.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – At the end of fiscal year 2008, the County had \$6,958,494 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and equipment.

The County's fiscal year 2008 capital outlays called for expenditures of around \$581,067. More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note IV, Item F to the financial statements.

Debt – At year end, the County had \$214, 267 in total capital and operating lease debt. More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Note IV, Items H and I to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2009 budget and tax rates. Some key items that should be noted are as follows:

- 1. Mineral particularly and related taxable values were higher this year. Local property maintained their taxable values from the prior year but was consistent with values over the last several years. The increase in valuations caused the tax rate to lower accordingly but still allows the County to fund the budget without any real growth in any department and help restore fund balances while maintaining a tax rate of \$0.55 per hundred dollars valuation.
- 2. Projected General Fund revenues are increasing about 8.57% from last year, mainly due to increased tax revenue. There will be a slight increase in licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous Income for 2009 due to State increases. Projected interest income from the County's invested funds should be up due to interest rate increases which are expected.
- 3. Projected expenses in the General Fund are up about 8.00%.
- 4. The budget will allow for approximately the same number of employees in 2009. Base pay will rise as approved by the Commissioners' Court for full-time employees in 2009, and benefit will remain at approximately the same levels.
- 5. The other special revenue funds are projecting no major changes.
- 6. The oil and agriculture industries in our area have had successful years but continue to be very unpredictable. These two industries remain the largest parts of our local business activity and the uncertainty that goes along with them makes it a challenge to accurately predict long-term economic and population numbers for Dawson County. Possibilities that will help strengthen and expand existing business and industry remain a focal point for economic development, along with seeking and pursuing opportunities not directly linked to oil and agriculture to help create stability and diversification for our local economy.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, consumers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Dawson County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. For questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information, contact County Auditor, Dawson County, Texas, PO Box 1268, Lamesa, Texas 79331.

Respectfully submitted,

Rick Dollahan

Dawson County Auditor



DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,779,025
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	494,586
Due from Fiduciary Funds	28,028
Capital Assets:	
Land	47,250
Buildings, net	2,255,532
Machinery and Equipment, net	1,124,200
Total Assets	7,728,621
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	297,627
Intergovernmental Payable	224
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	96,184
Due in More Than One Year	97,519
Total Liabilities	491,554
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,265,749
Unrestricted Net Assets	3,971,318
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,237,067

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The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement. 9

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

		Program Revenues					hanges in Net Assets
					Operating		Primary Gov.
	,		(Charges for	Grants and	(Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
General Government	\$	359,792	\$	64,829 \$	16,403	\$	(278,560)
Judicial		1,407,290		623,717	222,990		(560,583)
Elections		14,821		-	-		(14,821)
Financial Administration		227,816		8,777	-		(219,039)
Tax Administration		280,303		96,003	-		(184,300)
Facilities Managment		597,073		10,351	7,419		(579,303)
Law Enforcement		555,267		71,015	1,749		(482,503)
Fire Protection		148,741		-	-		(148,741)
Corrections		893,576		11,435	-		(882,141)
Public Works		231,702		-	231,702		-
Road and Bridges		1,237,339		625,401	25,509		(586,429)
Sanitation		54,000		-	-		(54,000)
Public Transportation		100,750		-	-		(100,750)
Health Care		286,918		-	-		(286,918)
Human Services		57,038		-	512		(56,526)
Parks & Recreation		48,350		852	940		(46,558)
Museums		1,000		-	-		(1,000)
County Extension Service		123,208		8,064	-		(115,144)
Libraries		254,650	_	18,276	19,404		(216,970)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	6,879,634	\$	1,538,720 \$	526,628		(4,814,286)
	1000			there are a second s			

General Revenues:

Net AssetsEnding	\$ 7,237,067
Net AssetsBeginning	 5,594,171
Change in Net Assets	1,642,896
Total General Revenues and Special Items	 6,457,182
Gain on Disposal of Assets	 101,600
Investment Earnings	105,784
Miscellaneous Revenue	8,560
Penalty and Interest	72,185
Mixed Beverage Tax	2,297
Sales Taxes	575,432
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	5,591,324
Taxes:	

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Precinct 3		Precinct 3 Precinct 4			Farm to Market and Other Lateral Road Funds			Total Governmental Funds	
\$	191,856	\$	187,433	\$	· 2,443	\$	521,517	\$	3,779,025
	-		-		41,010		-		281,175
	-		-		(20,081)		-		(137,679)
	-		-		-		3,015		136,362
	-		-		-		214,728		214,728
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		•		-		•		34,582
\$	191,856	\$	187,433	\$	23,372	\$	739,260	\$	4,308,193
\$	-	\$	37	\$	-	\$	214,728	\$	214,765
	2,673		3,669		-	•	5,145		82,862
	-		·		-		224		224
	-		-		-		6,554		6,554
·			-		20,929		3,015		279,858
	2,673		3,706		20,929	\$	229,666		584,263
			-		-		-		2,581,541
	189,1 8 3		183,727		2,443		509,594		1,142,389
	189,183		183,727		2,443	\$	509,594		3,723,930
\$	191,856	\$	187,433	\$	23,372	\$	739,260	\$	4,308,193

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 3,723,930
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$6,565,968 and the accumulated depreciation was \$3,360,357. In addition, long-term liabilities, including capital leases and compensated abscences, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net assets.	3,020,327
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2008 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.	680,839
The 2008 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(293,699)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of capital leases as an increase in capital leases payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net assets.	105,670
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,237,067

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT C-3

Precinct 3		Precinct 4	М	Farm to arket and teral Road		Other Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$-	\$	831,203	\$	-	\$	5,683,17
	-	-		-		-		575,43
	-	-		•		-		2,29
	142,258	142,258		-		-		569,03
	-	-		25,509		429,020		513,36 429,54
	-	-		-		71,480 22,156		254,51
	4,895	6,306		-		11,147		105,78
	-,075	0,500		-		-		3,50
	-	-		-		13,260		13,26
	2,428	3,058				134,819		306,01
	149,581	151,622		856,712		681,882		8,455,92
	-	-		-		34,534		443,56
	-	-		-		289,897		1,393,23
	-	•		-		-		46,10
	-	-		-		-		226,85
	-	-		•		-		280,12
	-	•		-		4,437		590,79
	-	-		-		72		598,79
		-		•		-		146,26
	-	-		•		2,174		844,43
	212100			-		231,702		231,70 1,427,29
	312,108	370,113		-		-		54,00
	-	-		-		85,750		100,75
	-			-		-		260,34
	-	-		-		5,728		57,03
	-	-				3,293		48,47
	-	-		-		-		1,00
	-	-		-		•		114,54
	-			•		11,038		252,14
•	312,108	370,113				668,625		7,117,46
·	(162,527)	(218,491)		856,712		13,257		1,338,46
	-	-		-		-		100,00
	239,178	239,178		-		173,893		1,130,60
	239,178	239,178		(856,712) (856,712)	-w Elster	173,893		(1,130,605
/=		·		(030,712)				
	76,651	20,687		-		187,150		1,438,46
· ···	112,532	163.040		2,443		322,444	· _	2,285,46
\$	189,183	\$ 183,727	\$	2,443	\$	509,594	\$	3,723,93

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DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Constraints.

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,438,461
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2008 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.	680,839
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(293,699)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of capital leases, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net assets.	(182,705)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,642,896

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

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	Private Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 142,379	\$	639,57	
Investments - Current	16,707,746			
Mineral Interest	4,113,180			
Total Assets	20,963,305	\$	639,57	
LIABILITIES				
Intergovernmental Payable	34,107	\$	477,400	
Due to Other Funds	-		28,02	
Due to Others	-		134,13	
Total Liabilities	34,107	\$	639,57	
NET ASSETS				
Restricted Net Assets	20,929,198			
Total Net Assets	\$ 20,929,198			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Private		
	Purpose Trust Fund		
DDITIONS:			
Investment Earnings	\$ 495,797		
Increase in Royalty Valuation	246,860		
Rents and Royalties	1,525,339		
Total Additions	2,267,996		
EDUCTIONS:			
Ad Valorem Taxes	60,307		
Transfers to County schools	495,798		
Total Deductions	556,105		
Change in Net Assets	1,711,891		
Total Net Assets - October 1 (Beginning)	19,217,307		
Total Net Assets - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 20,929,198		

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Dawson County, Texas (the "County"), was created in 1905 by the Texas Legislature. The County operates under the authority of the elected Commissioners' Court (the "Court") and provides the following services: Law Enforcement, Judicial, Health, Safety, Welfare, Culture, Road & Bridge Maintenance and General Administrative Services.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Commissioners' Court (the "Court") consists of four County Commissioners and the County Judge who are elected by the public. The Court has the primary accountability for fiscal matters and is therefore, a financial reporting entity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present Dawson County and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the financial statements because of the financial relationships with the County.

<u>Library Memorial Fund</u> – The fund is controlled by the Dawson County Library Board of Directors who are appointed by the County's commissioners. Although it is legally separate, it is reported as if it is part of the County's financial statements because its sole purpose is providing library services to the residents.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of Dawson County, Texas and its component units' nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the County operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the County such as vehicle registrations. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the County to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If revenue is not program revenue, it is general revenue used to support all of the County's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between Governmental Funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.



I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The County considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are both measurable and available.

The fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Fund Statement of Net Assets. The fund equity is segregated into restricted and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For this presentation, the General Fund, Jury Fund and Road and Bridge Fund have been combined. These funds are operated and maintained separately by the Commissioners' Court decision, but there are not any outside requirements for the self-imposed separation and the funds can be used for general County operations.

Other Major Governmental Funds – Farm to Market and Lateral Road Fund and the Precinct Funds are the County's Special Revenue Funds designated to receive and expend the farm to market taxes and lateral road monies that are used for precinct road operations.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. FUND ACCOUNTING - CONTINUED

Other Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds – The County accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the County or a grantor in special revenue funds. Most federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. Most of the County's special revenue funds are not from grants but simply have restrictions on their use.

Fiduciary Funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds – The County accounts for funds that both the principal and the income must be used for purposes that benefit parties other than the County. The only Private Purpose Trust Fund is the Permanent School Fund.

Agency Funds – The County accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The County's agency funds are the County Attorney's funds, Sheriff's funds, Justice of the Peace's funds, County Clerk's funds, Tax Assessor Collector's funds and District Clerk's funds.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash Equivalents - The County considers investments to be cash equivalents if they have maturity of six months or less when purchased.

Consumable Materials and Supplies – Disbursements for the purchase of consumable materials and supplies are recorded as expenditures. Inventories of such items, therefore, are not included in the balance sheet.

Due From (To) Other Funds – Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded in the affected funds in the period in which transactions are executed. See Note IV, E for additional discussion of interfund receivables, payables and transfers.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Infrastructure assets such as roads are not capitalized and are therefore excluded from the capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Land is not depreciated.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40-50
Building Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	5-10

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Long-Term Debt and Bond Issue Costs - In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Compensated Absences – The County has a policy of paying for unused vacation, compensatory and holiday time. Sick time is allowed to accumulate to a maximum of 50 days, but the County does not pay for unused sick time. The liability for these items has been estimated at approximately \$32,471 as of September 30, 2008. They are recorded as expenditures when they are paid but are reflected in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue in all fund statements represents the delinquent taxes and fines expected to be collected in some future period.

Net Assets and Fund Balance -

Government-Wide Financial:

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – The component of net assets that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets – The component of net assets that is restricted by a constraint placed on the use of assets that is either imposed externally or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Private Purpose Trust Fund restricted net assets consist of the Permanent School Fund and are used for Dawson County schools.

Unrestricted Net Assets – The difference between the assets and liabilities that is not reported in Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt and Net Assets Restricted for the Private Purpose Trust Fund.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statement, governmental funds report fund balances as either a reserved fund balance or an unreserved fund balance.

Reserved Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance, which is not available for appropriation or which has been legally segregated for a specific purpose. The County does not have a reserved fund balance.

Unreserved Fund Balance – This balance is composed of designated and undesignated portions. The undesignated portion of the unreserved fund balance represents that portion of fund balance that is available for budgeting of future operations. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources. As of September 30, 2008, the District had no designated fund balances.

Management's Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the Year	His	toric Cost	Accumulated Depreciation		Value at the inning of the Year	Ch	ange in Net Assets
T and		17.250	<u></u>	£	47.250		
Land	\$	47,250	(\$	47,250		
Buildings		,961,373	(1,741,799)		2,219,574		
Furniture and Equipment	2	,557,345	(1,618,558)		938,787		
Change in Net Assets							3,205,611
Long-Term Liabilities at					yable at the inning of the		
the Beginning of the Year				0	Year		
Compensation Payable				\$	24,279		
Capital Leases Payable					161,005		
Change in Net Assets						\$	185,284
Net Adjustment to Net Assets	5					\$	3,020,327

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibits C-2 and C-4 provide a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net assets. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

		Amount	~	ustments to let Assets	Adjustments to Changes in Net Assets		
<u>Current Year Capital Outlay</u> Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Total Capital Outlay	\$ \$	105,120 475,947 581,067	\$	581,067	\$	581,067	
<u>Debt Principal Payments</u> Capital Lease Payments Total Principal Payments Total Adjustment to Net Assets	\$ \$	99,772 99,772	\$	99,772 680,839	\$	99,772 680,839	

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-2 and C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	Amount		Adjustments to Net Assets	-	ustments to inges in Net Assets
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue					
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies	\$	90,900	\$	\$	(90,900)
Uncollected Taxes (assumed collectible)					
from Current Year Levy		72,993	72,993		72,993
Uncollected Taxes (assumed collectible)					
from Prior Year Levy		70,503	70,503		
Change in Estimate of Deferred Revenue					
at Beginning of Year		1,754			(1,754)
Uncollected Fees of Office from Prior Year		125,218	125,218		
Uncollected Fees of Office, Current Year Increase		11,144	11,144		11,144
Basis of Assets Disposed		65,997	(65,997)		(65,997)
Capital Lease Proceeds		100,000	(100,000)		(100,000)
Reclassify Certain Expenditures:					
Increase in Compensated Absences		8,191	(8,191)		(8,191)
Total			\$ 105,670	\$	(182,705)

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Commissioners' Court adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis to comply with the Constitution of the State of Texas. The adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, Precinct Funds and Farm to Market and Lateral Road Fund are presented in Exhibit E-1 through E-6. The overexpenditures in Precincts 1 and 2 were generated by the purchase of equipment using lease purchase agreements. The lease purchase did not require the expenditure of cash.

The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparisons:

- 1. In July, the County Judge, with the assistance of the County Auditor, prepares a budget for the succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The budget is filed with the County Clerk and is open to public inspection. The Commissioners' Court is required to hold at least one public hearing on the budget no less than 15 days subsequent to the filing by the County Judge.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the Commissioners' Court legally enacts the budget through passage of a resolution. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at object, department and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Commissioners' Court. The law requires that such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Commissioners' Court and are not made after fiscal year end. The County had several budget amendments during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level in accordance with Texas statutory guidance. The County Auditor audits and approves legal expenditures. The Commissioners' Court audits and settles claims against the County but can spend money only in accordance with the adopted budget. The Treasurer disburses money after ordered by the Court if the expenditure is in accordance with Texas statutes. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds had planned deficit spending as reflected by budgeted expenditures in excess of expected revenue.

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS - CONTINUED

General Fund	\$173,972
Jury Fund	\$16,813
Law Library Fund	1,674
Justice of Peace Technology Fund	2,529
K-9 Fund	500
District Clerk Records Management Fund	1,205
Precinct #3	30,997
Precinct #4	14,541
Road and Bridge	64,762
County Clerk Vital Statistics Records	14,535
County Clerk Archive	24,275
District Attorney Fund	24,976
Lone Star Grant	5,885
Gates Library Grant	1,130
Clean Cemetery Fund	4,427
Clean Up Lamesa Fund	3,283

No budgets were adopted for the following special revenue funds:

Indigent Defense Grant	-	Budget was established by the grant.
Library Memorial Fund	-	No budget since memorials are used as instructed by donor.

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act.

The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Fund Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and investment deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy regarding types of deposits allowed and collateral requirements states that all deposits must be insured by FDIC or secured by another manner provided by law. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risks for its deposits because all were covered by depository insurance or pledged securities at all times during the year.

The County's investments consisted completely of certificates of deposit and interest bearing checking accounts at First United Bank, Lamesa, Texas. Though all the certificates were written with one-month maturities, the rates provided by the depository were consistent to jumbo certificates of one year duration.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

In accordance with State law, the Dawson County Central Appraisal District makes all appraisals for tax purposes. Assessed values are based upon 100 percent of appraised market value and are reviewed every three years. Taxpayers have the right to challenge the assessed value.

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the County in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

The tax rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, (2007 tax levy) was \$.544314 per \$100 assessed value for County General Fund operations and \$.093248 for farm-market lateral maintenance and operations for a total rate of \$.637561. The County is subject to tax rate rollback if the total amount of property taxes imposed in any year, as defined by statute, exceeds the total amount of property taxes imposed in the preceding year by 8 percent.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the County is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

D. OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

County accounts receivable at September 30 were:

	_Septe	mber 30, 2008	September 30, 2007			
County Clerk fines	\$	72,613	\$	65,652		
District Clerk fines		397,828		373,040		
Justice of the Peace fines		344,496		308,348		
	\$	814,937	\$	747,040		
Allowance for doubtful collection		(681,590)		(621,823)		
Net receivables	\$	133,347	\$	125,217		

E. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at September 30, 2008 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

	Due from Other Funds		Due to her Funds
General Fund:	¢	(
Nonmajor Governmental Fund Agency Fund	\$	6,554 28,028	
Total General Fund	\$	34,582	 _
Nonmajor Governmental Fund Agency Fund			\$ 6,554 28,028
Total	\$	34,582	\$ 34,582

The interfund transfers reflected on the Statements of Revenues and Expenditures were for routine purposes. Transfers from the Road and Bridge and the Farm to Market Funds were to the corresponding precinct funds for precinct operations. \$173,893 of the transfer from the General Fund was a separation of the 106th District Court fund balance, which was a shared balance with Gaines, Garza and Lynn County.



IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital assets had been combined into an accumulating account over an extended period. During the last dozen years, the costs have been maintained in sufficient detail to calculate depreciation, but the costs before 1993 were commingled into totals. Estimates have been used to establish prior year recordings and costs.

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Primary Government								
	Beginning						Ending		
		Balance	Additions		Retirement			Balance	
Governmental Activities:									
Land	\$	47,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,250	
Buildings and Improvements		3,961,373		105,120				4,066,493	
Equipment		1,814,283		361,274		(136,000)		2,039,557	
Transportation Equipment		700,054		77,922		(41,666)		736,310	
Furniture and Fixtures		43,008		36,751		(10,875)		68,884	
Totals at Historic Cost	\$	6,565,968	\$	581,067	\$	(188,541)	\$	6,958,494	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements		1,741,799		69,162				1,810,961	
Equipment		1,093,369		141,977		(91,694)		1,143,652	
Transportation Equipment		514,119		79,122		(30,850)		562,391	
Fumiture and Fixtures		11,070		3,438				14,508	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation		3,360,357		293,699		(122,544)		3,531,512	
Governmental Activities Capital							,,		
Assets, Net		3,205,611	\$	287,368	_\$	(65,997)		3,426,982	



IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS – CONTINUED

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:	
General Government	\$ 21,350
Justice System	13,905
Facilities Management	2,528
Law Enforcement	33,016
Fire Protection	2,478
Corrections	47,130
Roads and Bridges	132,957
Health Care	26,577
Parks and Recreation	3,250
County Extension Service	8,665
Libraries	 1,843
Total Depreciation Expense	 293,699

G. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2008 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Interest Current Year	Payable Amounts Outstanding 10/01/07	Issued	Retired	Payable Amounts Outstanding 09/30/08	Due Within One Year
Compensated Absenses	None	None	24,280	8, 191	-	32,471	32,471
Various Funds	1 7 50/			# 0.000		50 000	0.075
Capital Lease Precinct 1	4.75%	-		50,000		50,000	9,075
Capital Lease Precinct 2	4.75%	-		50,000		50,000	9,075
Capital Leases Precinct 3	4.70%	3,255	104,709	-	43,476	61,233	45,564
Capital Leases Precinct 4	4.75%	3,231	56,295		56,295	-	-
Total		\$ 6,486	\$ 185,284	\$ 108,191	\$ 99,771	\$ 193,704	\$ 96,185

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

H. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - CAPITAL LEASES

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee to finance the acquisition of four road graders and one loader. Three of these contracts were completed during the year. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The following is a schedule of the capital lease commitments as of September 30, 2008.

	of	sent Value Minimum se Payments	I	nterest	l Mimimum e Payments
Caterpillar - 140 H Grader - Precinct 1	\$	50,000	\$	6,271	\$ 56,271
Caterpillar - 140 H Grader - Precinct 2		50,000		6,271	56,271
Caterpillar - 140 H Grader - Precinct 3		61,233		2,058	63,291
Total	\$	161,233	\$	14,600	\$ 175,833

These total minimum lease payments are payable as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	
2009	\$ 69,976
2010	38,331
2011	22,508
2012	22,508
2013	 22,510
Total Capital Lease Payments	\$ 175,833

I. COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

The future minimum rental commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements were for two Caterpillar graders and several copiers. The Caterpillar graders were paid off in the current year. The minimum future rental payments as of September 30, 2008 were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	
2009	\$ 12,801
2010	12,801
2011	11,328
2012	 1,504
Total Minimum Rental	\$ 38,434
Rental Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2008	\$ 36,181

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

J. COMMITMENTS

The County has entered into contracts for water system improvements at Welch. The commitments as of September 30, 2008 were as follows:

		Project					Req	uired Futher		
	A	uthorization	Expe	ended to Date	(Commitment	F	Financing		
Water Facilities	\$	193,360.00	\$	-	\$	193,360.00	\$	-		
Engineering/Architectural		58,100.00		8,225.00		49,875.00		-		
General Administration		35,000.00		8,750.00		26,250.00		-		
	\$	286,460.00	\$	16,975.00	\$	269,485.00	\$	-		

There are grant proceeds and cash reserves available to fulfill these commitments; therefore, no further financing is required.

K. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The County provides two separate retirement benefit plans. One plan is the defined benefit plan that is provided through the Texas County and District Retirement System. The County also offers a deferred compensation plan to its employees.

Texas County and District Retirement System Plan

Plan Description. Dawson County, Texas provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the stateside agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 574 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS -- CONTINUED

K. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Funding Policy. The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. It was 10.32% for the three months ending December 31, 2007 and 10.94% for the nine months ending September 30, 2008. The deposit rate payable by the employee members is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Annual Pension Cost. For the employer's accounting year ending September 30, 2008, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$225,970, and the actual contributions were \$225,970. The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2005, December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2007 as the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar year 2005, 2006 and 2007. The December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

	Actuarial Valuation In	Iformation	
Actuarial valuation date	12/31/05	12/31/06	12/31/07
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization method	level percentage of payroll, open	level percentage of payroll, open	level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years	20	15	15
Asset valuation method	long -term	SAF: 10-yr	SAF: 10-yr
	appreciation	smoothed value	smoothed value
	with adjustment	ESF: Fund value	ESF: Fund value
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment return	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary increases ¹	5.50%	5.30%	5.30%
Inflation	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0	0	0
¹ Includes inflation at the stated			
rate			

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Dawson County

Accounting Year Ending	Annual Pension <u>Cost (APC)</u>	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
September 30, 2006	227,330	100%	0.00
September 30, 2007	248,819	100%	0.00
September 30, 2008	225,970	100%	0.00

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

K. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS – CONTINUED

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Dawson County

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Value of	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll ¹	Payroll
Assets	(a)	(b)	<u>(b-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	(c)	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
12/31/05	5,114,187	7,160,036	2,045,849	71.43%	2,957,517	69.17%
12/31/06	5,830,782	7,734.372	1,903,590	75.39%	3,050,476	62.40%
12/31/07	6,410,763	8,424,257	2,013,494	76.10%	3,204,285	62.84%
lan					the manna	^

¹The annual covered payroll is based on the employee contributions received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.

Deferred Compensation Plan. The County offers a deferred compensation plan for employees who elect to participate. Participants may defer up to 25% of gross income not to exceed \$7,500 per year. Withdrawals are permitted because of death, emergency as defined by the Internal Revenue Service, termination of employment or retirement. The County does not contribute to the plan, and all assets in the plan belong to the employees.

L. CAFETERIA PLAN

The County entered into a Pre-Tax Premium Plan which qualifies as a "cafeteria plan". The insurance premiums that qualify for the plan are medical, life and accidental death and dismemberment. The individuals who are eligible to participate are all employees who are covered or who are eligible to be covered under the County's group health plan.

M. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

The County provides group health insurance coverage to all full time employees. Employees may elect to cover dependents at their own expense. County employee premiums are paid with County funds.

Coverage includes a \$500 annual deductible or \$1,500 for the family. Medical expenses exceeding the deductible were paid at 90% in plan and 70% out of plan up to a stop loss of \$2,000 per person or \$6,000 per family.

N. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2008, the County purchased commercial insurance to cover these risks. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

IV. OTHER NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

O. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS

The County is involved in the following joint ventures with the City of Lamesa:

The County has a 50% financial interest in the municipal airport. The County provides \$5,000 annually for working capital. No significant accumulations of financial resources or deficits are in this joint venture. In 2007, an airport improvement grant began with a projected cost of \$1,850,000. The County has set aside \$92,857.50 for their share of the match, and \$85,750 was expended during the fiscal year.

The County has a 50% financial interest in the city swimming pool. The County is billed annually by the City for its share of the loss. Financial records reflecting the operations are available at the City of Lamesa offices.

EXHIBIT E-1

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

								ance With al Budget
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	(0,	<i>B</i> (1010)	Po	ositive or
	C	Driginal		Final			1)	legative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	4,671,780	\$	4,676,905	\$	4,851,967	\$	175,06
General Sales and Use Taxes		380,000		380,000		575,432		195,43
Mixed Beverage Tax		2,100		2,100		2,297		19
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		271,032		271,032		58,839		(212,193
Charges for Services		177,430		177,430		358,069		180,63
Fines		208,705		208,705		232,359		23,65
Investment Earnings		5.460		8,232		75,370		67,13
Rents and Royalties		3,000		3,000		3,500		50
Other Revenue		17,407		48,489		161,090		112,60
Total Revenues		5.736.914		5,775,893		6,318,923		543,03
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:				***				
General Government		517.823		509,710		409,028		100,68
Judicial		1.256.573		1,298.594		1,103,336		195,25
Elections		40.000		46,139		46,103		31
Financial Administration		237,986		239,166		226,859		12,30
Tax Administration		296,816		301,335		280,125		21,21
Facilities Managment		740,154		759,433		586,357		173,07
Public Safety:		2 77 0.47		(1(12)		600 701		17.40
Law Enforcement		577,046		616,121		598,721		17,400
Fire Protection		116,427		157,242		146,263		10,979
Corrections Public Works:		1,027,355		1,027,350		842,263		185,08
		e		2				
Road and Bridges Sanitation		5		5		-		:
Public Transportation		54,000 5,005		54,000 15,005		54,000		
Health and Welfare:		3,003		15,005		15,000		:
Health Care		271,213		371 420		360 241		11.00
Human Services		55,056		271,439		260,341		11,09
Culture and Recreation		55,050		55,056 500		51,310		3,740
Parks & Recreation		38,892				46 190		
Museums		1,000		52,958 1,000		45,182 1,000		7,77
County Extension Service		141,631		146,976		,		22.42
Libraries		256,085		259,829		114,543 241,110		32,43 18,71
Conservation and Development:		200,000		237,027		241,110		10,/1
Conservation		1,505		1,505		_		1,505
Capital Outlay:		1,505		1,505		_		1,50.
Capital Outlay		5		5		-		4
Total Expenditures	······ ·	5,635,077		5,813,368		5,021,541	-	791,827
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		101,837	•••••••	(37,475)		1,297,382	The second second second second	1,334,857
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		20		20		-		(20)
Transfers Out (Use)		(10)		(108,010)		(273,893)		(165,883)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10		(107,990)		(273,893)	***	(165,903)
						······································		
Net Change in Fund Balances		101,847		(145,465)		1,023,489		1,168,954
Fund Balance - October I (Beginning)	·	•		1,558,052		1,558,052		

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PRECINCT 1 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual AP BASIS	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
	0	riginal		Final	See Note)		gative)
REVENUES:							
Licenses and Permits	\$	134,100	\$	134,100	\$ 142,258	\$	8,158
Investment Earnings		100		100	3,988		3,888
Other Revenue		-		-	1,581		1,581
Total Revenues		134,200		134,200	 147,827		13,627
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Works: Road and Bridges		334,200		342,523	363,767		(21,244)
Total Expenditures		334,200		342,523	 363,767	********	(21,244)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(200,000)		(208,323)	 (215,940)		(7,617)
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from Capital Leases		-		-	50,000		50,000
Transfers In		200,000		225,000	 239,178		14,178
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		200,000		225,000	289,178		64,178
Change in Fund Balance		•		16,677	 73,238		56,561
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		-		57,734	 57,734		•
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	74,411	\$ 130,972	\$	56,561

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS EXHIBIT E-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PRECINCT 2 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
	0	riginal		Final	(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Licenses and Permits	\$	134,100	\$	134,100	\$	142,258	\$	8,158
Investment Earnings		100		100		4,078		3,978
Other Revenue				-		3,039		3,039
Total Revenues		134,200		134,200		149,375		15,175
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Works:								
Road and Bridges		334,205		354,352		381,307		(26,955)
Road and bridges		e e carenna				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(20,955)
Total Expenditures		334,205		354,352		381,307		(26,955)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	······································	(200,005)	1	(220,152)		(231,932)		(11,780)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from Capital Leases Transfers In		200,005		225,005		50,000 239,178		50,000 14,173
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		200,005		225,005		289,178		64,173
Change in Fund Balance		-		4,853		57,246		52,393
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				69,224		69,224		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	74,077	\$	126,470	\$	52,393

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS EXHIBIT E-4 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PRECINCT 3 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Variance With Actual Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** GAAP BASIS Positive or Final (Negative) Original (See Note) **REVENUES**: 134,100 \$ 134,100 \$ 142,258 \$ 8,158 Licenses and Permits \$ Investment Earnings 4,895 4,795 100 100 2,428 Other Revenue 2,428 Total Revenues 134,200 134,200 149,581 15,381 EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Works: Road and Bridges 334.200 390,197 312,108 78,089 312,108 Total Expenditures 334,200 390,197 78,089 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) 93,470 (200,000) (255,997) (162,527) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In 200,000 225,000 239,178 14,178 200,000 225,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 239,178 14,178 Change in Fund Balance (30,997) 76,651 107,648 Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) 112,532 112,532 Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) \$ -\$ 81,535 \$ 189,183 \$ 107,648

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS EXHIBIT E-5 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PRECINCT 4 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts	Actual AP BASIS	Fina	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
	C	Priginal		Final	(5	See Note)	(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Licenses and Permits	\$	134.100	\$	134,100	\$	142,258	\$	8,158
Investment Earnings		100		100		6,306		6,206
Other Revenue		5		5		3,058		3,053
Total Revenues		134,205		134,205		151,622		17,417
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public Works:		224 205		272 740		270.112		2 (27
Road and Bridges		334,205		373,740		370,113		3,627
Total Expenditures		334,205		373,740		370,113		3,627
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(200.000)		(239,535)		(218,491)		21,044
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In		200,000		225,000		239,178		14,178
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		200,000		225,000		239,178		14,178
Change in Fund Balance		•		(14,535)		20,687		35,222
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		•		163,040		163,040		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	148,505	\$	183,727	\$	35,222

DAWSON COUNTY, TEXAS EX STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FARM TO MARKET AND LATERAL ROAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
	Original			Final		(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Property Taxes	\$	800,000	\$	831,203	\$	831,203	\$	-	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		26,000		26,000		25,509		(491)	
Total Revenues		826,000		857,203		856,712		(491)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers Out (Use)		(826,000)		(856,708)		(856,712)		(4)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(826,000)		(856,708)		(856,712)		(4)	
Change in Fund Balance	 A specie anno. 	-		495			Press, F. C. Marrison, Married	(495)	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)				2,443		2,443			
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	2,938	\$	2,443	\$	(495)	